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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. FIRST NAMED INVENTOR 09/944,383 Necmettin Can GAP0001-US 09/04/2001 1273 28970 7590 12/04/2003 **EXAMINER SHAW PITTMAN** BUCHANAN, CHRISTOPHER R **IP GROUP** ART UNIT 1650 TYSONS BOULEVARD PAPER NUMBER **SUITE 1300** 3627 MCLEAN, VA 22102

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	n No.	plicant(s)	$\mathcal{A}$
		09/944.383			2
Office Action Summary				CAN ET AL.	
•		Examiner	D Duchenen	Art Unit	
	The MAILING DATE of this communication		R Buchanan	he corresp ndence addr	
Period for		паррошо пан		no ourroop maonoo aaan	
THE N - Extens after S - If the p - If NO p - Failure - Any re	AILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION OF THIS COMMUNICATION OF THIS COMMUNICATION OF THIS COMMUNICATION OF THE PROVISION OF 37 CLEAN (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CLEAN (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication of the provision of the provision of 37 CLEAN (30) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication of the provision of 37 CLEAN (30) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication of the provisions of 37 CLEAN (30) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CLEAN (30) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication of the provisions of 37 CLEAN (30) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication of the provisions of 37 CLEAN (30) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication of the provisions of 37 CLEAN (30) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication of the provisions of 37 CLEAN (30) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication of the provisions of 37 CLEAN (30) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication of the provisions of 37 CLEAN (30) MONTHS from the p	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no everon. a reply within the statuteriod will apply and will statute, cause the applic	ory minimum of thirty (30 expire SIX (6) MONTHS ation to become ABAND	be timely filed ) days will be considered timely. from the mailing date of this commonents ONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nunication.
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	08 October 200	<u>3</u> .		
2a) <u></u> □	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠	This action is r	on-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
·	n of Claims				
•	Claim(s) <u>1,2,6-8,12,35-37 and 43-45</u> is/ar		•		
-	a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with	hdrawn from con	sideration.		
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
_	Claim(s) <u>1,2,6-8,12,35-37 and 43-45</u> is/ar	e rejected.			
_	Claim(s) is/are objected to.				
8) ∐(8 Applicatio	Claim(s) are subject to restriction a n Papers	and/or election re	quirement.		
9)□ T	he specification is objected to by the Exa	miner.			
10)□ T	he drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)	accepted or b)	objected to by the E	Examiner.	
	Applicant may not request that any objection	to the drawing(s) I	oe held in abeyance	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
11)∐ T	he proposed drawing correction filed on _	is: a) <u></u> ap	proved b)⊡ disar	oproved by the Examiner.	
_	If approved, corrected drawings are required		ce action.		
12)∐ T	he oath or declaration is objected to by th	e Examiner.			
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120				
13) 🗌 📝	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fo	oreign priority und	ler 35 U.S.C. § 11	19(a)-(d) or (f).	
a)[	All b) Some * c) None of:	•			
•	Certified copies of the priority docur	ments have been	received.		
2	2. Certified copies of the priority docur	ments have been	received in Appli	cation No	
	B. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the Internation to the attached detailed Office action for a	al Bureau (PCT F	Rule 17.2(a)).		age
14) 🗌 Ad	knowledgment is made of a claim for dor	mestic priority un	der 35 U.S.C. § 1	19(e) (to a provisional a	oplication).
	☐ The translation of the foreign languag tknowledgment is made of a claim for do				
Attachment(	s)				
2) Notice	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948 ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No	-		mary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). mal Patent Application (PTO-1	
6. Patent and Tra TO-326 (Rev		ce Action Summary		Part of Paper No. 15	

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1, 2, 6, and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Issacman et al. alone.

With regard to claim 1, Issacman discloses a system (abstract, Fig. 2) for determining inventory that includes a fixture adapted to hold a first collection of merchandise (see Fig. 2, col. 5 line 31+, col. 6 line 50+), the merchandise having at least one item with an associated RFID tag (10, Tag a, Fig. 2), and a reader (8, col. 2 line 10) disposed on the fixture proximate the merchandise that can interrogate the RFID tag and receive information related to the tag (col. 3 line 47+, col. 5 line 1+). The fixture can hold a second collection of merchandise (see Fig. 2) and a reader (8, col. 2 line 10) disposed on the fixture proximate the merchandise that can interrogate the RFID tag and receive information related to the tag, wherein, each reader is adapted to read only its associated collection of merchandise (col. 3 line 46+, col. 7 line 55+, see Fig. 2). A particular tag responds to a reader only when it receives a signal with its particular identification number, thus the system can associate data from a given receiver to a certain collection of merchandise (col. 3 line 64+). It would be obvious to

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one skilled in the art to arrange the tags and readers so that the location of items could be pinpointed, for example, no overlapping of readers (see col. 7 line 55+). With regard to claim 2, the first collection includes a second item with an associated RFID tag (Tag b). With regard to claims 6 and 7, the system can sense items quickly (near real time) and can determine the location of the item, and, thus whether it is properly located in the fixture (abstract).

3. Claims 8 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Issacman et al. alone.

With regard to claim 8, Issacman discloses a method for determining inventory that includes associating a first RFID tag (10, Tag a, Fig. 2) with a first item of merchandise (abstract), placing the first item proximate a first location on a fixture (see Fig. 2, col. 5 line 31+, col. 6 line 50+), placing a reader (8, col. 2 line 10) on the fixture proximate the first location, and interrogating the RFID tag with the reader (col. 3 line 47+, col. 5 line 1+). A second item with an associated RFID tag (Tag b) can be placed proximate the first location (see Fig. 2) and a third item with an associated RFID tag (Tag m) can be placed proximate a second location (see Fig. 2). A particular tag responds to a reader only when it receives a signal with its particular identification number, thus the system can associate data from a given receiver to a certain collection of merchandise (col. 3 line 64+). It would be obvious to one skilled in the art to arrange the tags and readers so that the location of items could be pinpointed, for example, no overlapping of readers (see col. 7 line 55+). With regard to claim 12, each reader is

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adapted to read only the merchandise in its associated location (col. 3 line 46+, see Fig. 2).

4. Claims 35-37 and 43-45 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Issacman et al. alone.

Issacman discloses a method (abstract, Fig. 2) for using RFID to manage stock items that includes associating an RFID tag (10, Tag a, Fig. 2) with each item to be tracked (abstract), placing a plurality of tag readers (8, col. 2 line 10) at various locations (col. 3 line 47+, col. 5 line 1+), and scanning the tagged items to receive various information (col. 3 line 47+, col. 5 line 1+). It would be obvious to one skilled in the art that this system could be applied to a retail operation, that the RFID tag could contain a variety of information (manufacturer information, product ID, etc.) and could be interrogated at any point in a supply chain (warehouse, delivery, fitting room, checkout, return, etc.) so that analysis could be performed to provide statistics on a variety of quantities, including sales, returned items, losses during delivery, correlations between fitting room and sales, and so forth, and that under certain conditions (available stock items not on display, for example) an alert could be provided.

Furthermore, it is common practice to use such information to modify items and to arrange items in a retail operation to increase sales.

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### Response to Arguments

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5. Applicant's arguments filed October 8, 2003 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant argues the Issacman reference suggests that local transceivers could be arranged with overlapping reading ranges, which would prevent the system from pinpointing an item that is read by multiple transceivers. However, Issacman merely states (col. 7 line 55+) that host cells may overlap one another, which does not suggest that local transceivers would be placed so as to have overlapping reading ranges. It would be obvious to one skilled in the art to arrange the tags and transceivers so that the location of items could be pinpointed, for example, no overlapping of transceivers.

#### **Conclusion**

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Christopher R Buchanan whose telephone number is 703-306-5782. The examiner can normally be reached on M-T 9-7.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert Olszewski can be reached on 703-308-5183. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-305-7687 for regular communications and 703-305-7687 for After Final communications.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-1113.

Christopher Buchanan

December 1, 2003

Michael luff 12/3/03

MICHAEL CUFF PRIMARY EXAMINER

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